



10-12 JUNE 2025

**EUROPEAN SUSTAINABLE
ENERGY WEEK**

#EUSEW2025



WOOD

ECOLOGICAL FUEL

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SOLID PARTNERS



POLSKIE
FORUM KLIMATYCZNE



MOTTO

„When everything fails
Wood is still at hand”

anonymous



I WHY WOOD

1. We all need energy to heat house, generate electricity, or move to distant place.
2. In place of fossil fuels we can use wood.
3. Wood is energy of the Sun stored in solid mass.
4. Wood in process of photosynthesis converts CO_2 into O_2 and biomass.
5. It can be stored over long time without losing energy.
6. Technology enables us to burn or gasify wood without emitting too much solid particles – Ecodesign standard developed in Poland.
7. In process of gasification it is possible to achieve up to 65 % BioCCS.

AXIOMS

boilers, fives,
fireplaces



Ecostandards !

Biomass



The only one renewable fuel !



II ENERGY SECURITY

1. To ensure stable supply of energy we need diversified sources.
2. When fossil fuels are not acceptable, we can revert to renewables.
3. Wood is the cheapest source of energy.
4. Biomass can be used in many forms – solid, gaseous or liquid.
5. The cheapest form is solid in form of wood chips or logs.
6. Technology is known for many years and available on demand.

ENERGY SECURITY



Biofuels – gaseous, liquid, solid - support energy safety

❖ **heating**

❖ **industry**

Renewable energy sources: solar energy, wind energy, biomas (biofuels)



SOLVED PROBLEMS



We know how to process biomass into biofuels
We know how to build ecological burning systems

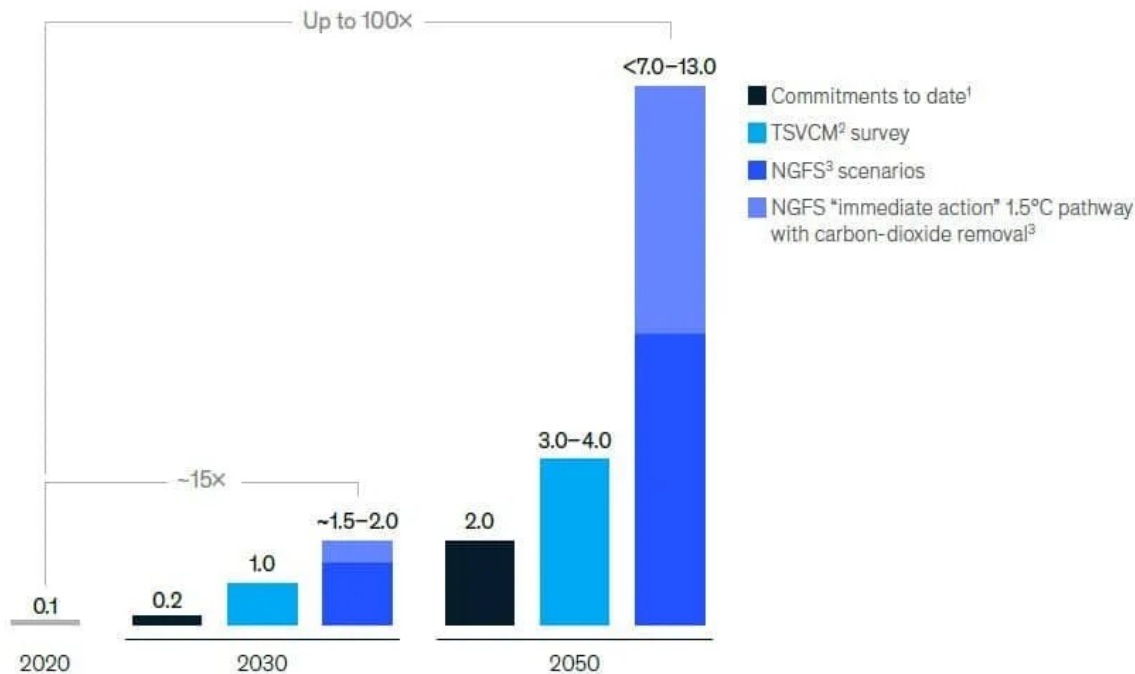


IV NET ZERO THROUGH WOOD

1. No other fuel can give us negative carbon footprint.
2. We can have zero emission energy and at the same time store up to 65 % of carbon from wood in process of BioCCS.
3. For that purpose we can use forest residual biomass or agro biomass.
4. We can generate Carbon Credits by growing biomass.
5. In 3- year rotation, Paulownia Shang Tong can absorb 75 Mg CO₂ / ha / year.
6. We can get carbon footprint free energy – heat, electricity and mobility.
7. We can get up to 65 % permanent carbon sink through biochar – BioCCS.
8. We need to plant these trees on approx. 2 % of territory of Poland – now 5 % lies in waste.

Global demand for voluntary carbon credits could increase by a factor of 15 by 2030 and a factor of 100 by 2050.

Voluntary demand scenarios for carbon credits, gigatons per year



There is steadily growing demand for Carbon Credits

POLISH CLIMATE FORUM



**Thank you very much
for your attention**

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